

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY CONVENTION.

The Democratic voters of the several election districts of Cambria county will meet at their respective polling places on Saturday, August 24, 1895, between the hours of 1 and 7 o'clock, p. m., for the purpose of electing delegates to the Democratic county convention, which is hereby summoned to meet at Ebensburg on Monday, August 26, 1895, at 10 o'clock, p. m., to nominate a county ticket and transact such other business as may be brought to its attention.

Table listing delegates for various districts: Adams Twp., 2 Johnson, 10th Wd.; Allegheny Twp., 2 Johnson, 10th Wd.; ...

There will also be a member of the Democratic county committee to elect in each district at the above mentioned convention.

JOHN E. HINER, a Baltimore merchant, has been nominated for governor by the Democrats of Maryland.

Advices received at Key West from a trustworthy source in Cuba are that a great fight occurred near Baracoa, in which Colonel Sandoval was wounded, and that the insurgents have burned Jiguani and Baracoa.

The speaker Charles F. Crisp, of the United States House of Representatives, is sightseeing in London. He recently visited the place where he was born, in Sheffield, January 29, 1845, while his parents were on a visit to that city.

In the cellar under the Wilmont school building in Philadelphia ten skeletons have been found, and in consequence, the colored population declare they will never send their children there any more. The site selected for the school was once a grave yard, and the builders neglected to remove the bodies when the school building was erected, is the reason for the present scare.

Tests in the use of coke as a fuel for locomotives in place of coal have been made by the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad on some of its Virginia lines during the past few weeks have proved successful. With the heaviest freight trains equally good results have been obtained from coke as from coal, with the great advantage of an avoidance of smoke and cinders attendant on the use of coal.

A wild mob of 80 outraged and murdered 10 missionaries at Ku-Cheng, an interior point of China. The killed include eight women, a man and a boy. All are British subjects. The American missionaries escaped. It is said the local Chinese authorities connived at the massacre. A placard to arouse feeling against the foreign missionaries set forth that they wanted to steal small children to extract oil from them.

A report from a reliable source states that 3000 Spanish soldiers sent to garrison the town of Santa Cruz, Cuba, 100 have died of yellow fever, and that their physician is among the dead. Advices from the same authority say that the fever is increasing rapidly among the Spanish soldiers, but that every effort is being made by the military authorities to prevent the giving out of information concerning the ravages of the disease.

A dispatch from Chicago says: The crop of corn this year will be the largest that has ever been known. It is estimated at the present time that the yield will exceed by 200,000,000 bushels the record of any previous year. The corn crop will bring more money, if marketed than all other grain products combined. The estimated yield of corn for this year is from 2,250,000,000 bushels. At the present price, which is thirty-five cents for December or May delivery, the crop will be worth \$800,000,000.

The forlorn hope of the calamity organs has been that the revenues of the government would fail to reflect the revival of general business, and that a pretext would thus be afforded for a revision of the tariff by its so-called friends; but the truth is that during the week ending with Saturday last the receipts of the treasury exceeded the expenditures by \$908,968, and this in one of the duldest months in the year. In such a distressing situation there is no alternative for the unfortunate tariff organs but candidly to admit that their predictions were the vain phantoms of an idle dream.

The St. Louis Globe-Democrat says that within a short time the sale of booklets on the silver question has dropped from great proportions to nothing in the principal city of the Mississippi valley. There is no doubt that the same change has taken place, to a greater or less degree, in all other parts of the country where the silver craze has at any time had much force or power for evil. The epidemic is rapidly dying out, simply because people are too busy and too successful in getting good dollars to care what anybody says in favor of trying to make money more abundant and less valuable.

PROBABLY no incident in the readjustment of wages which has accompanied the return of industrial activity has been of such far-reaching importance as the settlement of the coal mining scale which has just been effected in Pittsburgh. It is estimated that the earnings of 100,000 men are affected by the agreement reached by the coal operators and the miners, and the early and amicable settlement of the wages question is, therefore, a matter to cause widespread satisfaction. As for the miners themselves the present scale will prevail in the Pittsburgh district until October 1 when the new rates, representing an advance of nine cents per ton, will go into effect, with the possibility of a further advance at the end of the year. There is now no fear that mining operations in Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana and Illinois will be interrupted by labor troubles in the next five months, and for thousands of miners there will be an advance of over 10 per cent. two months hence. Employers and employed both appear to realize that the opportunities of the present time are too important to be wasted by wrangles over the question of wages.

The sugar bounty claims now pending before Comptroller Bowler, of the treasury department, are about one hundred and forty in number, but they amount to \$5,000,000. The bounty subsidy is one of the few remaining features of the McKinley bill, imposed at the time when sugar was attached to the free list, and to make the original \$10,000,000 paid to the planters possible the Federal treasury was compelled to lose nearly \$43,000,000 of a revenue a year. The loss of this revenue has been the cause of infinite trouble, and Secretary Carlisle proposes to contest every future demand from the planters, even though the senators from Louisiana claim that the refusal of payment means the financial ruin of thousands in that state.

In New York on Friday Judge Gildersleeve in the superior court signed a decree granting Mrs. Ollie Corbett an absolute divorce from her husband, James J. Corbett, the champion pugilist. The decree was signed upon the recommendation of Referee Jacobs, who heard the testimony and reported that the evidence showed that Corbett had been guilty of improper conduct with a woman named Vera. The decree provides that Corbett shall pay his wife \$5,200 a year alimony. In case Mrs. Corbett remarries she will forfeit the alimony. She is authorized to resume her maiden name of Ollie Lake and can remarry. Corbett cannot remarry until his wife is dead.

The Pottsville Iron and Steel company, owners of a large rolling mill, steel mill, bridge works and blast furnaces, which went into the hands of receivers about a year ago, it is understood will be recapitalized and taken out of the control of the receivers before this month expires. During the past twelve months the receivers have done but little work but when the contemplated arrangements are completed the different mills of the establishment will be run to their full capacity, which will require about 1,000 men, most of whom will be high-priced workmen. The Pioneer furnaces, the property of this company, are among the oldest anthracite furnaces in the state.

The impudence of Republicans in claiming that good times came because the Republicans had elected a majority in congress has a touch of the fantastical. The Republican congress cannot pass a tariff bill that President Cleveland will approve unless it should be a Democratic bill. If the Republicans should carry the elections in 1896, congress, president and all, the new congress would not meet until December, 1897, and could pass no tariff bill until well along in 1898. The good times came because for at least three years the Republicans will be powerless to tinker with the tariff or the currency.

ACCORDING to reports gathered by the San Francisco Chronicle, there has been late a notable revival in the mining industries of the Pacific states and territories. Many old gold and silver workings are being reopened and new discoveries developed, and there is also a greatly increased activity in the working of the many other valuable mineral deposits of the region in addition to the precious metals. The utilization of water to generate electric power for running mining machinery is a new factor which gives promise of greatly extending mining operations all over the Pacific coast and the Northwest.

The Chattanooga Tradesman says that the usual midsummer dullness among southern industries "is not evidence this year, but on the contrary, they are more active than for two years, especially the iron, textile and lumber industries. Reports from all over the south indicate an increasing demand for lumber, but no advance in prices. The iron foundries, mills and furnaces all over the south are busy, and new furnaces that have been out of blast for four years are resuming. Iron is stiff at present quotations."

A CIRCULAR letter has been issued by Major Levi Wells, Dairy and Food Commissioner of Pennsylvania, to all manufacturers and dealers in articles of food in the state directing their attention to the act of March 13, 1895, creating the department of agriculture, which makes it the duty of the Dairy and Food Commissioner to enforce all laws relating to the manufacture and sale of oleomargarine and imitation dairy produce and adulterated articles of food.

All the iron and steel mills having offices in Philadelphia are filled with orders sufficient to tax their capacity for several months, and owing to the heavy demand this week has experienced advance in wrought iron pipe, hardware, nails and other leading articles.

Washington Letter.

Washington, August 5, 1895.—The several candidates in this correspondence stated weeks ago, that President Cleveland was not and would not be a candidate for a third term, was this week corroborated by members of the cabinet. Your correspondent has no desire to spring the I told you so gag on your readers, but he cannot forbear saying that he knew what he was talking about when he made that statement, and that he never makes positive assertions on press or political matters. Anything that you just keep tab on this paper and see if it isn't strictly true in this case, just as it has been in the past.

President Cleveland's position, according to those who have heard him express his opinions, in regard to the next Democratic presidential nomination is just about what would be that of any other man of strong convictions occupying his position. He believes it necessary to the welfare of the Democratic party and of the country that the man nominated for president by the Democrats should carry out a fixed policy, which he has already indicated, and in order to be sure that no mistake is made he wishes to have a hand in naming the candidate. Would you, if you were in his place? Would you, if you were a Democrat? Of course their answers differ with President Cleveland. That is a privilege he has always conceded to every Democrat. His plan and Democratic national convention nomination is in his wisdom decide which will guide the Democratic party through the next Presidential campaign, and to that decision all good Democrats, regardless of their present opinions, will bow. Let all the fighting inside the party be done between now and the assembling of the national convention, to elect delegates in accordance with your views; after a majority of those delegates have agreed upon a platform and two thirds of them upon a ticket, let the fighting all against the common enemy, and for that platform and ticket.

Secretary Lamont's general acknowledgment sagacity causes his opinions to be highly valued when given, which is seldom. It has pleased many Democrats to learn that he has expressed his opinion that ex-Secretary William C. Whitney of New York, would be the strongest man the Democrats could nominate for president, and that he could easily defeat any candidate the Republicans could put up. It has been known for some time that the Republicans were very much afraid of Whitney and that they would do anything they could to prevent his nomination. New York Republicans visiting Washington in the past few days, have expressed their opinion that they could carry New York against Whitney, and New York Democrats are positive that it could not be done by anybody.

State department officials will not discuss the Walker case, but there are good reasons for the belief that Mr. Walker is still in a French prison serving out a sentence of twenty years imposed on him by a French court martial in Madagascar on a charge of having betrayed certain French military secrets to the natives, and that this government has no justifiable ground for interfering in the case. Walker is a negro who was for a time a United States agent in Madagascar. After retiring from office, against his will, he remained on the island and engaged in business, and some say, although his lawyer has denied it, that he went so far as to acquire citizenship there. Some people have allowed themselves to become frightened by the statement that Louisiana would become a Republican state if Comptroller Bowler decides after hearing the arguments which are to be made next week, the original source of the McKinley law to have been unconstitutional, and declines to pay deferred sugar bounties. In order to get the opinion of one who is in a position to know, Judge Thomas J. Semmes, of New Orleans, who is in Washington to assist the Louisiana congressional delegation in arguing in favor of the constitutionality of the sugar bounty, was asked if there was any probability of Louisiana becoming a Republican state. The old gentleman's eyes flashed, he said with vigor and emphasis: "Never, sir, never" while there was some revulsion of feeling that disconcerted during the first part of Mr. Cleveland's present administration, the return of good times has removed it all, and the same may always be counted upon where she belongs in the good old Democratic camp." Members of the congressional delegation characterize the statement as a slander upon the Democrats of the state.

Thirty-Six Years Yet. A. H. Tomlinson, inspector of police at Richmond, Va., is in the city to take way Thomas Murray, alias George Clark, who will complete an 18 months' term in the Riverside penitentiary today. Murray has a 15 years' term to serve in the Virginia state prison for burglary, and after that is over he wanted for 21 years at Joliet. He saved now 44 years of age, and will be too old to practice much of his profession when he finally secures his liberty.

Murray is said to be a desperate sallow. When he broke out of the Virginia prison he jumped from a window and landed on the ground. He got away in spite of the latter's best efforts to stop him. He was sent to Riverside for receiving stolen goods, and the Virginia officials learned that he was there. His home was in Cambria county.

Killed by His Own Bomb. Douai, France, August 5.—During the fetes in the mining district of Aniche, to celebrate the jubilee of M. Cuillemin, manager of the Aniche Colliery company, an anarchist named Decoux fired five revolver shots at the Vuillemin. Three of them took effect, though the wounds they inflicted were not serious. Directly afterwards a tremendous explosion was heard and Decoux was hurled several yards, while ten of the bystanders were thrown to the floor and were injured by the explosion. Decoux was being carried a bomb beneath his coat, which was prematurely exploded. Decoux was disemboweled and terribly mutilated, and expired immediately. He was dismissed from the colliery after a strike in 1893.

Second Within a Month. Lebanon, Pa., Aug. 4.—The Pennsylvania Bolt and Nut company have notified the employees in the puddle and rolling mills that their wages are increased 10 per cent., the order to go into effect on August 16. This is the second increase of 10 per cent. within a month, and the puddlers will now receive \$3 per ton. The Lebanon iron company has also notified their employees in the puddle and rolling mills that their wages have been increased 10 per cent., to go into effect on once. The puddlers at these works now receive \$3.25 per ton. Both companies employ about 1,500 men, all of whom are affected by the advance. The works are now being run to their full capacity.

Killed by Lightning. Vanderbilt, Pa., Aug. 6.—Sunday afternoon, during the terrible storm and high wind that swept over this section, John Boyer was struck by lightning and killed. He was sitting in the back door of his home, when a bolt of lightning struck him near the ear, passed through his body and tore his shoes off, killing him instantly. He was married and leaves five children.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

A Million Lost in Flames. Spokane, Wash., Aug. 4.—Sprague, the county seat of Lincoln county, having a population of 3,000, was almost destroyed by fire yesterday. A high wind was blowing, and the fire swept over the town with restless fury, destroying over \$1,000,000 worth of property in two hours.

The fire started in a lively stable, near the railroad track, and swept across to the depot. From there the flames spread to the railroad headquarters building, ice house, hotels and railroad restaurants, taking everything in the shape of a building. Another arm of the fire licked up the buildings on the south side of the tracks. The immense Northern and Pacific car shop and round house took fire. Seven engines were gotten out before the round house fell in, burning three other buildings. The huge oil tanks behind the shops exploded, scattering the burning oil around and served to spread the fire. Within an hour every business house except the small stores, and the First National Bank was in ashes. Little merchandise was saved. Last night many citizens were homeless. A special train left here last night, carrying food and tents to the sufferers. The fire may be a death blow to Sprague, as it is probably the Northern Pacific will now move its shops here.

Aeronauts Probably Killed. Jackson, Mich., Aug. 5.—Two aeronauts were fatally injured in a balloon accident at Vandercook's lake, a resort four miles south of Jackson, on the evening of the 3rd. The balloon used was one of the largest of the hot-air variety, with double trapeze bars.

About 7 o'clock it was successfully inflated. Ella Peake, a trapeze performer, took the upper bar, and Charles Elliott the lower. At the moment the retaining ropes were cast off a gust of wind caught the canvas and careened it to one side, and it took fire. The men started into the air some distance, with both of the horrified aeronauts on the trapeze. Then it collapsed and came crashing down. Miss Peake is a large woman, and fell heavily, breaking both legs, besides suffering internal injuries. Elliott struck on his shoulders and is badly crushed. Elliott has been in this business seven years. This is his first serious accident. Miss Peake is a niece of Prof. Hogan, who lost his life on Campbell's air ship in the Atlantic ocean five years ago.

Shot Dead at Church. Baton Rouge, La., Aug. 4.—A fearful tragedy occurred last night at Gideon church, where a protracted meeting is being held, in which Henry and Albert O'Neil, aged respectively 13 and 12, lost their lives. Bad blood has existed for some time between Albert O'Neil and Hill Picon, they having had frequent misunderstandings at parties given in the neighborhood. Several days ago they quarreled about a young girl, and it was agreed that they should meet at Antioch church and settle the difficulty. Last night the two O'Neils came out of the church while preaching was going on. They were fired upon by the Picon party, who were armed with double barreled shotguns, and killed. Hill Picon, Wallace Picon and Barlow Edmonston were arrested and lodged in jail charged with the murder. All the young men were about the same age and sons of prominent families.

A Hundred Buildings Burned. Baltimore, Md., Aug. 5.—All the business portion of Berlin, Wicomico county, together with many residences, was completely destroyed by fire last night. The total loss is about \$200,000, with only \$25,000 insurance. Berlin has a population of 2,000. A spark from a locomotive may have been the cause of the fire, which spread across of buildings and only stopped when there was no structure close enough for them to reach. Another report has it that the fire was caused by a cigar stump.

After having raged more than four hours and laying in ashes more than 100 buildings, the flames subsided. Only four stores were left standing in the business part of the town and they were separated from the burning blocks by a wide street. The losses range from a few hundred dollars up to \$200,000, the aggregate being about \$200,000.

Phoenixville, Pa., Aug. 4.—A disastrous wreck occurred at Kemerton, three miles from here, to-night, in which a passenger train was wrecked and half a dozen others were seriously and perhaps fatally injured. The passenger train on the Pickering Valley railroad, due here at 8:40 o'clock, ran into a cow a short distance from Kemerton. The engine left the track, and several cars followed it over a steep embankment.

The engineer, John Grow, of Phoenixville, was instantly killed and the fireman dangerously wounded, while half a dozen passengers were perhaps fatally injured. Four members of the Salvation Army from here returned from Geigy's grove, where a meeting was held to-day. The wreck occurred at the spot where so many of the Pennsylvania family were killed in a wreck some years ago.

Anxious for Burial Alive. Santa Barbara, Cal., Aug. 4.—Alexander Melver Tyrone proposes to undertake a test never before attempted in this country. This is to be buried alive for ten days, at the expiration of which period he promises to rise, living and breathing, from the grave. He is a Quaker.

Tyudall's proposal is to be placed in a hermetically sealed casket, being first sealed with clarified butter, called by the East Indians "ghee," sealing all the pores of the body, eyes, mouth, ears and nostrils. The casket is then to be placed in a room, where a bolt of lightning struck him near the ear, passed through his body and tore his shoes off, killing him instantly. He was married and leaves five children.

B. & B. Money Savers ... OF ... CAMBRIA COUNTY.

Don't Be Satisfied. Until you've sent to OUR MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT for samples of the greatest bargain purchase this store ever made for us.

Silk Department. 10,000 yards of PURE PLEASURE SILKS in solid black and artistic evening shades—cheapest colors and combinations—regular \$1.25 and \$1.50 goods, brought to sell 60c and 75c a YARD.

Wash Goods Department. Still emptying our shelves, Lot 300, FRENCH ORGANZES in light and dark grounds, 1 1/2 YARD. Lot of FRENCH ORGANZES—white grounds—hand-embroidered—styles never produced by the French designers, 2 1/2 YARD.

Will You Come? Some little accessories to dress which women will appreciate at such reductions: Celluloid Side Combs, Plain, 10c, 20c, 25c, and 50c. Extra large sizes, 15c, and 50c.

Celluloid Side Combs, Fancy, 15c, 20c, 25c, to 50c a pair. Genuine Tortoise Shell Side Combs, Plain, 50c, to \$1.00. Fancy Oval Shell Side Combs, \$1.00 to \$2.50 a pair.

Celluloid or Horn Razors and Two-Prong prong Plus, 10c, to 50c. Lot Ladies' White Metal Belt Buckles, 25c ones reduced to 20c and 10c, each, 50c ones 25c.

50c Black Silk Belts, 2 1/2 inches wide, each of buckles, 25c, each; 75c, ones at 50c.

BOGGS & BUHL, Allegheny, Pa. DREXEL'S COD LIVER OIL.

IMPROVED EMULSION OF PURE NORWEGIAN WITH CHEMICALLY PURE LIME AND SODA. CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS, COLDS, ASTHMA, SCROFULA, SKIN DISEASES, NERVOUS DISEASES, DYSPEPSIA OF CHILDREN, WHOOPING COUGH, ANAEMIA, CATARRH, GENERAL DEBILITY, ETC., ETC.

This valuable preparation cures by its nutritive and stimulant action a true emulsion, not a lime soap, is easily digested, quickly assimilated, and shows its wonderful action on blood, tissue and nerve by a most marked improvement of the blood.

Drexel's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil is especially serviceable for anæmia, scrofula, for bronchitis and scrofulous swellings, glandular enlargements, and the wasting diseases of childhood, for dyspepsia and nervous conditions, loss of flesh, dry cough and night sweats. It is a perfect food.

Drexel's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil is the very best remedy for all the above conditions, including scrofula, lymphatic, and all bleeding throat, hoarseness, tickling in throat by cough, cold, influenza, whooping cough, and all other ailments of the throat, lungs and chest.

Large bottles, 50 cents per bottle. Sold by druggists generally, or sent to any address on receipt of 50 cents.

SOLE PROPRIETORS, Winkelmann & Brown Drug Co., BALTIMORE, MD., U.S.A.

Johnston, Buck & Co., BANKERS, EBENSBURG, PENN'A. A. W. BUCK, Cashier.

Carrolltown Bank, CARROLLTOWN, PA. T. A. SHARBAUGH, Cashier.

General Banking Business Transacted. The following are the principal features of general banking business: DEPOSITS, LOANS, COLLECTIONS, DRAFTS.

THE First National Bank OF PATTON. PATTON, Cambria Co., Pa. Capital, paid up, - - \$50,000.

AMERICAN SILVER TRUSS. Beside the above we handle the Seelye Hard Rubber, the Penfield Celluloid, and all other Standard Trusses.

Dr. T. J. DAVISON, EBENSBURG, PA. Carriage and Wagon Shop.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE. Best in the World! Get the Genuine! Sold Everywhere!

It Pays to Advertise.

Brady's Cash Store, Main Street, Gallitzin, is the best store in town and is filled with choice, seasonable goods at the Lowest Prices.

50 pieces of Lancaster Gingham, about 2,500 yards, at 5 cents. Blue Prints at 5 cents. Muslin, 10c, Print at 6 cents.

DRESS GINGHAMS, 50c. The Best 50-cent Corset in town, well worth 75 cents. Wall Paper 8 cents double bolt up to 15 cents for 6th Paper.

Full line of Embroidery, Laces, Lace Curtains, and White Goods. Splendid assortment of Hats, Shirts and shoes, 6c. ford Ties for ladies—never more stylish or cheaper.

We extend an invitation to out-of-town buyers to call and see our assortment of goods.

Thos. Bradley, Gallitzin, Pa. I LEAD THE PROCESSION

High Art Clothing for Short, Stout and Regular Sizes, and Furnishings.

Stylish, serviceable goods—the correct thing in men's money-saving prices. Children's Suits in all grades now on stock.

Our spring stock of High Art Clothing, the pick and flower of the country's clothing, especially selected fabrics, tailor-made garments in all the newest and most fashionable shapes.

JOHN McCONNELL, 1300 Eleventh Ave., Altoona, Pa.

NEW SPRING STYLES. We have a full, new and complete line of the finest and best fitting Spring Clothing in Cambria county and at prices that defy competition.

Our stock is larger and prices lower than ever before. All we ask is that you call and examine our goods, best prices and we will convince you that the best place in the State to buy your Clothing is at

C.A. SHARBAUGH'S, CARROLLTOWN, PA. EBENSBURG MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTAL WORKS!

MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES, VAULTS AND POSTS. WHAT WE DO: Keep constantly on hand one of the largest and best selected stocks of any concern in the County.

J. WILKINSON & SON, EBENSBURG, PA.

American Silver Truss. Beside the above we handle the Seelye Hard Rubber, the Penfield Celluloid, and all other Standard Trusses.

Dr. T. J. DAVISON, EBENSBURG, PA.

Carriage and Wagon Shop. Having opened up in the shop, lately occupied by J. A. Boney in the West end of Ebensburg, I am prepared to do all kinds of carriage work, at reasonable terms.

H. E. BENDER, Formerly of Carrolltown.